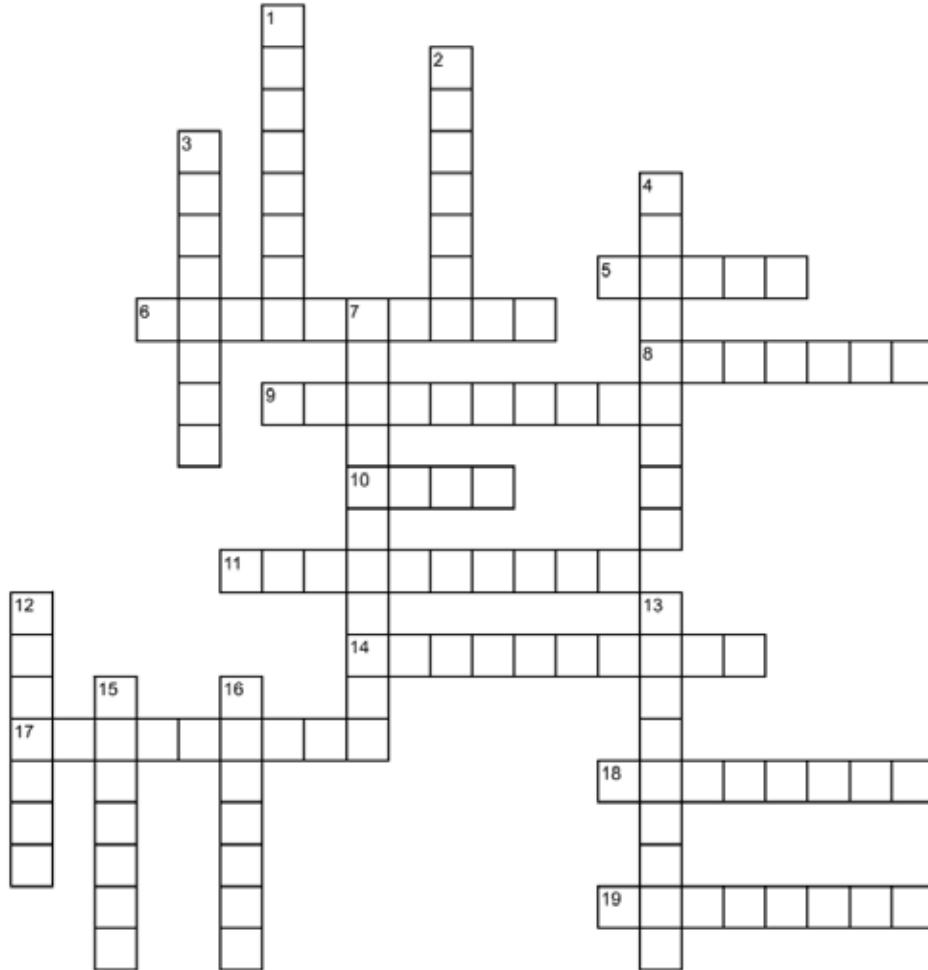


LIVING SEAS CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Dive into the *Adam R. Scripps Living Seas Gallery*! Read the clues below before you begin. As you explore, look for answers in the information on the exhibit display panels and educational posters. When you find an answer, write it in the correct blank space on the crossword puzzle.



ACROSS:

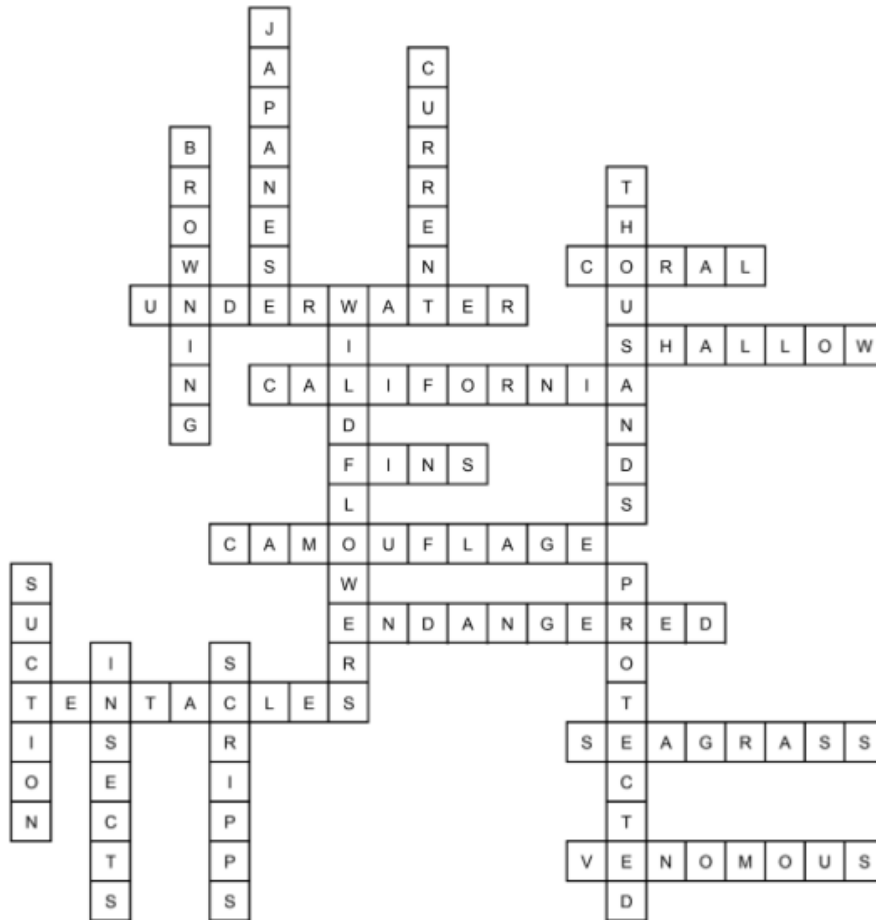
- 14 Sunflower Sea Stars are critically _____ due to sea star wasting disease.
 11 The Giant Pacific Octopus is a _____ expert, changing its color and texture to match their surroundings.
 18 Round Rays glide over sandy bays and _____ beds, snacking on small fish and invertebrates.
 6 Giant Kelp stretches over 100 feet tall, forming _____ forests teeming with life.
 9 Garibaldi are the _____ state marine fish found protecting their nests in kelp forests.
 8 The Maxima Clam anchors to coral reefs in sunlit, _____ waters of the Indo-Pacific.
 5 Cat's Paw Coral is a hard _____ species with finger-like lobes that resemble a cat's paw.
 19 The Lionfish is an invasive Indo-Pacific fish with _____ spines.
 17 Clown Anemonefish live among sea anemone _____ and are immune to their sting.
 10 The Epaulette Shark can "walk" using their _____.

DOWN:

- 12 Pacific Spiny Lumpsuckers use their _____ disc to cling to rocks and kelp so they don't drift away in the currents.
 7 Painted Anemone come in vivid colors like underwater _____.
 3 The Ellen _____ Scripps Memorial Pier stretches more than 1000 feet into the Pacific ocean.
 16 The Scythe Butterflyfish was discovered in 1954 by _____ researchers.
 13 Giant Seabass were nearly wiped out, they are now _____, and sightings are a rare and special treat.
 4 Loggerhead Sea Turtles are powerful swimmers and can travel _____ of miles across the ocean.
 1 The _____ Spider Crab is the largest crab in the world.
 2 Spotted Garden Eels live in colonies and sway with the _____ to catch plankton.
 15 Archerfish can shoot jets of water to knock _____ off branches of mangrove trees.

LIVING SEAS CROSSWORD PUZZLE

ANSWERS



ACROSS:

- 14 Sunflower Sea Stars are critically **ENDANGERED** due to sea star wasting disease.
- 11 The Giant Pacific Octopus is a **CAMOUFLAGE** expert, changing its color and texture to match their surroundings.
- 18 Round Rays glide over sandy bays and **SEAGRASS** beds, snacking on small fish and invertebrates.
- 6 Giant Kelp stretches over 100 feet tall, forming **UNDERWATER** forests teeming with life.
- 9 Garibaldi are the **CALIFORNIA** state marine fish found protecting their nests in kelp forests.
- 8 The Maxima Clam anchors to coral reefs in sunlit, **SHALLOW** waters of the Indo-Pacific.
- 5 Cat's Paw Coral is a hard **CORAL** species with finger-like lobes that resemble a cat's paw.
- 19 The Lionfish is an invasive Indo-Pacific fish with **VENOMOUS** spines.
- 17 Clown Anemonefish live among sea anemone **TENTACLES** and are immune to their sting.
- 10 The Epaulette Shark can "walk" using their **FINS**.

DOWN:

- 12 Pacific Spiny Lumpsuckers use their **SUCTION** disc to cling to rocks and kelp so they don't drift away in the currents.
- 7 Painted Anemone come in vivid colors like underwater **WILDFLOWERS**.
- 3 The Ellen **BROWNING** Scripps Memorial Pier stretches more than 1000 feet into the Pacific ocean.
- 16 The Scythe Butterflyfish was discovered in 1954 by **SCRIPPS** researchers.
- 13 Giant Seabass were nearly wiped out, they are now **PROTECTED**, and sightings are a rare and special treat.
- 4 Loggerhead Sea Turtles are powerful swimmers and can travel **THOUSANDS** of miles across the ocean.
- 1 The **JAPANESE** Spider Crab is the largest crab in the world.
- 2 Spotted Garden Eels live in colonies and sway with the **CURRENT** to catch plankton.
- 15 Archerfish can shoot jets of water to knock **INSECTS** off branches of mangrove trees.

Birch Aquarium at Scripps